The embodiments of the invention in which an exclusive property or privilege is claimed are defined as follows:

- 1. A solid-state contactor for an arc welder, the contactor comprising:
 - a processor assembly being configured to generate a logical signal, the processor assembly including:

an output; and

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- a processor, the processor being configured to generate the logical signal at the output; and
- a switch configured to conduct electrical current from a power source to a wire conductor in response to the logical signal at the output.
- 2. The contactor of Claim 1, the processor assembly further comprising an input in communication with the processor, the processor being configured to respond to the input.
 - 3. The contactor of Claim 2, further comprising:
 - a current sensor in communication with the input, the current sensor being configured to sense the electrical current flowing from the power source to the wire conductor.
 - 4. The contactor of Claim 2, further comprising:
 - a temperature sensor in communication with the input, the temperature sensor being configured to sense a temperature of the switch.
- 5. The contactor of Claim 2, further comprising:
 - a wire speed sensor in communication with the input, the wire feed sensor being configured to sense the temperature of the switch.
 - 6. The contactor of Claim 1, wherein the switch is a transistor.



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- 7. The contactor of Claim 6, wherein the transistor is a field effect transistor.
- 8. The contactor of Claim 1, wherein the logical signal is received at the switch to pulse-width modulate the electrical current flowing from the power source to the wire conductor.
- 5 9. An arc welding machine including a solid-state contactor, the contactor comprising:
 - a power source, the power source being configured to provide an electrical current;
 - a processor assembly being configured to generate a logical signal, the processor assembly including:

an output; and

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- a processor, the processor being configured to generate the logical signal at the output; and
- a switch configured to conduct electrical current from the power source to a wire conductor in response to the logical signal at the output.
- 15 10. The welding machine of Claim 9, the processor assembly further comprising an input in communication with the processor, the processor being configured to respond to the input.
 - 11. The welding machine of Claim 10, further comprising:
 - a current sensor in communication with the input, the current sensor being configured to sense the electrical current flowing from the power source to the wire conductor.
 - 12. The welding machine of Claim 10, further comprising:

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- a temperature sensor in communication with the input, the temperature sensor being configured to sense a temperature of the switch.
- 13. The welding machine of Claim 10, further comprising:
- a wire speed sensor in communication with the input, the wire feed sensor being configured to sense the temperature of the switch.
 - 14. The welding machine of Claim 9, wherein the switch is a transistor.
 - 15. The welding machine of Claim 14, wherein the transistor is a field effect transistor.
- 16. The welding machine of Claim 9, wherein the logical signal is received at the switch to pulse-width modulate the electrical current flowing from the power source to the wire conductor.
 - 17. A method for welding with an arc welding wire feed machine, the method comprising:
 - conducting an electrical current from a power source to a drain of at least one transistor; and
 - energizing a gate of the at least one transistor, the transistor configured to admit an electrical current from the power source to a wire conductor in response to energizing the gate.
 - 18. The method of Claim 17, further comprising:
- 20 monitoring a magnitude of the electric current;
 comparing the magnitude to a reference value; and
 de-energizing the gate when the magnitude exceeds the reference value.

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- 19. The method of Claim 18, further comprising:re-energizing the gate when the magnitude is less than the reference value.
- The method of Claim 17, further comprising:
 monitoring a magnitude of a temperature of the at least one transistor;
 comparing the magnitude to a reference value; and
 de-energizing the gate when the magnitude exceeds the reference value.

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